## Three fast facts: Self-employment trends among older Americans

Authors: Cal J. Halvorsen, Jacquelyn Boone James

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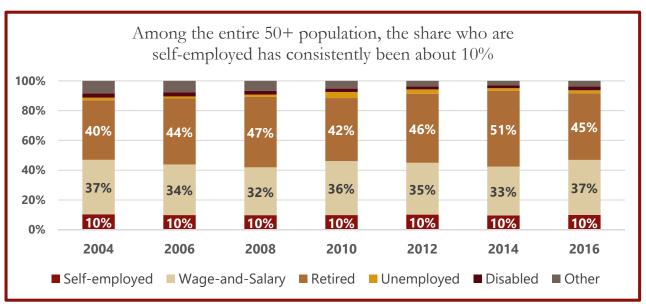


## 3 Fast Facts: Self-Employment Trends Among Older Americans

Cal J. Halvorsen, PhD, MSW and Jacquelyn B. James, PhD July 2020

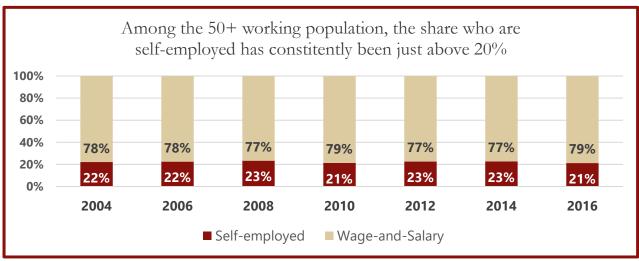
How important is self-employment as a form of work among older Americans? There are several ways you can answer this question, and this research brief will cover three general trends in self-employment rates.

1. Among all Americans aged 50 and older—including those working and not working—self-employed people make up about 10% of the population. This rate has been stable for more than a decade.



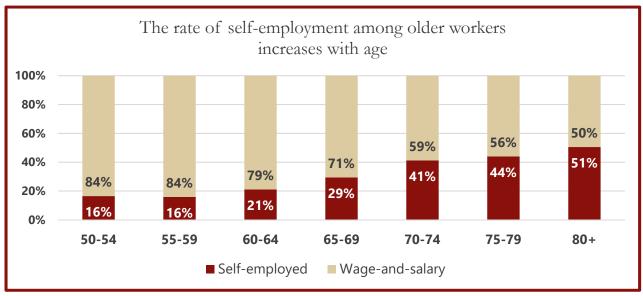
Authors' calculations using weighted data from the Health and Retirement Study/RAND HRS Longitudinal File 2016 (V2).

2. Looking at the same time span, the share of working Americans aged 50 and older who are self-employed has also consistently held steady at just more than 20% of the population.



Authors' calculations using weighted data from the Health and Retirement Study/RAND HRS Longitudinal File 2016 (V2).

**3.** Yet how do self-employment rates differ *among* working and older Americans? It turns out that the importance of self-employment as a form of work increases dramatically with age. While about 1 in 6 workers in their 50s are self-employed, nearly 1 in 3 are self-employed in their late 60s and more than 1 in 2 workers over the age of 80 are self-employed.



Authors' calculations using weighted data from the Health and Retirement Study/RAND HRS Longitudinal File 2016 (V2).

In summary, while the self-employed make up about 1 in 10 of all Americans over the age of 50, they make up about 2 in 10 of all workers over the age of 50 and this rate increases dramatically with age.

## Methodology

Authors' calculations using weighted data to be representative of the U.S. older population from the Health and Retirement Study/RAND HRS Longitudinal File 2016 (V2). Unweighted data calculations produced similar results. The University of Michigan Health and Retirement Study is a longitudinal panel study that surveys a representative sample of approximately 20,000 people in America every two years.



The Center on Aging & Work at Boston College aims to promote opportunity, choice, and quality of paid and unpaid work across the lifespan, with a focus on older adults. Through research studies, engagement with a multi-disciplinary network of scholars and practitioners, and efforts to translate research into practice, we bridge the worlds of research and practice.